

IN THE CLAIMS



This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. An identifier indicating the status of each claim is provided.

Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A data encoding apparatus for encoding data for every data block of a predetermined number of pixels of data, said data encoding apparatus comprising:
 - a data string rearranging means for outputting data of sequentially input data blocks in a predetermined output sequence corresponding to an input sequence;
 - a block end data detecting means for detecting input data not coinciding with reference data and latest in said output sequence from among the input data of said data string rearranging means as block end data;
 - a block end judging means for judging whether or not the output data of said data string rearranging means is said block end data; and
 - an encoding means for sequentially generating codes in accordance with the output data of said data string rearranging means, generating a first code after the generation of the codes in accordance with the output data when it is judged at said block end judging means judges that the output data is said block end data, and terminating the encoding of the data block containing the output data.

2. (Currently Amended) A The data encoding apparatus as set forth in claim 1, wherein said encoding means counts ~~the~~ a number of said reference data continuously output from said data string rearranging means, generates a code in accordance with said the count of continuous reference data and ~~the~~ a value of the data which is not the reference data output after the continuous reference data, and generates a second code and subtracts said predetermined value from the count when said count reaches a predetermined value.

3. (Currently Amended) A The data encoding apparatus as set forth in claim 1, wherein said data string rearranging means further comprises:

a storing means for storing said input data at a designated address upon receipt of a data write request and reading the data stored at the designated address upon receipt of a data read request,

a writing means for outputting said data write request to said storing means, generating predetermined write addresses in accordance with the input sequence of said input data corresponding to the input data, and storing said input data at corresponding write addresses of said storing means, and

a reading means for outputting said data read request to said storing means, sequentially generating predetermined read addresses, and sequentially reading the data stored at the read addresses of said storing means, and

wherein said block end data detecting means detects the address read latest in said reading means among said write addresses of said input data not coinciding with said reference data as the block end address, and

wherein said block end judging means judges that the output data corresponding to the read address is said block end data when said read address and said block end address coincide.

4. (Currently Amended) A The data encoding apparatus as set forth in claim 3, wherein

said reading means generates successively increasing or decreasing addresses, and said block end judging means detects ~~the a~~ largest or ~~a~~ smallest address among ~~the~~ transformed data write addresses W_ADD not coinciding with the reference data as the block end address.

5. (Currently Amended) A The data encoding apparatus as set forth in claim 4, wherein said block end judging means further comprises:

an address holding means for holding an initial address at ~~the~~ an input starting time of the block data, receiving an address holding request, and holding said write address as said block end address;

a reference data detecting means for detecting noncoincidence of input data of said data string rearranging means and said reference data;

an address comparing means for comparing ~~the~~ relative sizes of the write address generated at said writing means and the address held in said address holding means; and

an address holding requesting means for requesting holding of a write address corresponding to said input data to said address holding means in accordance with results of

comparison at said address comparing means when noncoincidence of said input data and said reference data is detected at said reference data detecting means.

6. (Currently Amended) A data encoding method for encoding data for every data block of a predetermined number of pixels of data, ~~including:~~ said method comprising the steps of:

a block end data detecting step for detecting data not coinciding with reference data and latest in a predetermined output sequence corresponding to ~~the an~~ input sequence of the input data from among ~~the~~ data of sequentially input data blocks as the block end data; and

an encoding step for outputting said input data in said output sequence, sequentially generating codes in accordance with the output data when said output data is not said block end data, generating a first code ~~after the generation of a code~~ in accordance with the output data when said output data is said block end data, and terminating the encoding of the data block containing the output data.

7. (Currently Amended) A The data encoding method as set forth in claim 6, wherein in said encoding step, ~~the~~ processing is carried out to count ~~the a~~ number of continuously output reference data, generate a code in accordance with said count of the continuous reference data and ~~the a~~ value of the data which is not reference data output after the continuous reference data, and generate a second code and subtracts said ~~predetermined~~ value from the count when said count reaches a predetermined value.

8. (Currently Amended) A The data encoding method as set forth in claim 6,
wherein said block end data detecting step includes further comprises the steps of:
a-step-of generating predetermined write addresses in accordance with the input
sequence of said input data corresponding to the input data,
a-step-of detecting the address read latest in said output sequence among said
write addresses of said input data not coinciding with said reference data as the block end
address, and
a-step-of storing said input data at the corresponding write addresses of the a
storing means, and
wherein said encoding step includes further comprises the steps of:
a-step-of sequentially generating predetermined read addresses,
a-step-of sequentially reading the data stored at the read addresses of said storing
means, and
a-step-of sequentially generating codes in accordance with the output data when
said read address and said block end address do not coincide, while generating the first code after
the generation of the code in accordance with the output data when they coincide, and
terminating the encoding of the data block containing the output data.

9. (Currently Amended) A The data encoding method as set forth in claim 6,

wherein

in the step of detecting step, said block end address, the a largest or a smallest address among the write addresses of the input data not coinciding with the reference data as the block end address is detected and

in the step of generating step, said read address, successively increasing or decreasing addresses is generated.

10. (Currently Amended) A The data encoding method as set forth in claim 9,

wherein the step of detecting said block end addresses repeats the following steps of:

a-step of detecting said block end address,
a-step of holding an initial address at the an input starting time of the block data;
a-step of detecting noncoincidence of said input data and said reference data;
a-step of comparing the relative sizes of the generated write address and the held address; and
a-step of holding a write address corresponding to said input data replacing said held address in accordance with results of comparison at the step of comparing the relative sizes when noncoincidence of said input data and said reference data is detected at said step of detecting noncoincidence.

11. (Currently Amended) A camera system for compressing and encoding generated image data for every data block of a predetermined number of pixels of data, said camera system comprising:

an image pickup means for picking up a desired image and generating image data;
a transforming means for transforming said generated image data based on a predetermined quadrature transform for every data block;
a data string rearranging means for sequentially receiving as input said orthogonally transformed image data for every data block and outputting ~~the~~ a sequence of input of the input image data; a block end data detecting means for detecting input image data not coinciding with predetermined reference data and latest in said output sequence from among the input image data of said data string rearranging means as block end data;
a block end judging means for judging whether or not the output image data of said data string rearranging means is said block end data;
an encoding means for sequentially generating codes in accordance with the output image data of said data string rearranging means, generating a first code ~~after the~~ generation of the code in accordance with the output image data when ~~it is judged at~~ said block end judging means judges that the output image data is said block end data, and terminating the encoding of the data block containing the output image data; and
a processing means for performing predetermined processing with respect to the image data encoded at said encoding means.

12. (Currently Amended) A The camera system as set forth in claim 11, wherein said processing means performs at least one processing of recording, reproduction and display, or transmission with respect to said encoded image data.

13. (Currently Amended) A The camera system as set forth in claim 11, wherein said encoding means counts ~~the~~ a number of ~~said~~ reference data continuously output from said data string rearranging means, generates a code in accordance with ~~said~~ the count of continuous reference data and ~~the~~ a value of the data which is not the reference data output after the continuous reference data, and generates a second code and subtracts said ~~predetermined~~ value from the count when said count reaches a predetermined value.

14. (Currently Amended) A The camera system as set forth in claim 13, wherein said data string rearranging means further comprises:

a storing means for storing said input image data at a designated address upon receipt of a data write request and reading the image data stored at the designated address upon receipt of a data read request,

a writing means for outputting said data write request to said storing means, generating predetermined write addresses in accordance with the input sequence of said input image data corresponding to the input image data, and storing said input image data at corresponding write addresses of said storing means, and

a reading means for outputting said data read request to said storing means, sequentially generating predetermined read addresses, and sequentially reading the image data stored at the read addresses of said storing means, and

wherein said block end data detecting means detects the address read latest in said reading means among said write addresses of said input image data not coinciding with said reference data as the block end address, and

wherein said block end judging means judges that the output data corresponding to the read address is said block end data when said read address and said block end address coincide.